Ethyl acetate

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Common name : Ethyl acetate

Synonym : Acetic Acid, Ethyl Ester, Acetic Ether, Acetidin, Acetoxyethane, Ethyl Acetic Ester, Ethyl

Ethanoate.

Material uses : Not available.

Supplier/Manufacturer : GreenChem Industries. LLC

8983 Okechobee Blvd Suite #202 West Palm Beach, FL 33441

Phone: 561-659-2236 Fax: 561-659-2237

In case of emergency : CHEMTRAC : (800) 262-8200

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid.
Emergency overview : DANGER

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.

VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION.

CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: KIDNEYS, LIVER.

RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA.

MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION.

Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry

Potential acute health effects

: Irritating to eyes.

Skin: Practically non-toxic in contact with skin. May cause skin irritation upon contact.

Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: Practically non-toxic if swallowed.

Potential chronic health

effects

: Carcinogenic effects: A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH.

Mutagenic effects: Not available. Teratogenic effects: Not available.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-

exposure

Eyes

: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin

irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs

damage.

See toxicological information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS number % by weight

United States

Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 70 - 100

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

See Chapters 8, 11 and 14 for details.

Section 4. First aid measures

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact with eyes, rinse Eye contact

immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact : Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention if symptoms appear.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get

medical attention if symptoms appear.

: No specific antidote. Medical staff must contact Poison Control Center. Notes to physician

Section 5. Fire fighting measures

Flammability of the product: Flammable.

Auto-ignition temperature : 425.85°C (798.5°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: -5.15°C (22.7°F). (Tagliabue.) Open cup: -7.2°C (19°F) (Cleveland.).

Flammable limits : Lower: 2% Upper: 11.5%

Products of combustion : These products are carbon oxides.

Fire hazards in the presence: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks

and static discharge and heat. of various substances

Fire-fighting media and : Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray (fog) or foam. instructions

> Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of

ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep

unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment. Do not touch or walk

through spilled material.

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

and sewers.

Methods for cleaning up

: If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials) and use a nonsparking or explosion-proof means to transfer material to a sealable, appropriate container for disposal. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating. lighting and material handling) equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage

Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Section 8. Exposure controls, personal protection

Engineering controls

: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that evewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: Splash goggles.



Respiratory Hands

: Not required if handle in a ventilated enclosure.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. >8 hour/hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves.



Skin/Body

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Body: Recommended: Lab coat.



of a large spill

Personal protection in case: Safety glasses, goggles or face shield. Impervious gloves. Full suit. Boots. Wear MSHA/NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus or equivalent and full protective gear.

Product name Exposure limits

Ethyl acetate ACGIH TLV (United States, 5/2004).

TWA: 1440 mg/m ³ 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms.

NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001).

TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 10 hour/hours. Form: All forms. TWA: 400 ppm 10 hour/hours. Form: All forms.

OSHA PEL (United States, 8/1997).

TWA: 1400 mg/m³ 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Pleasant. Fruity.

Molecular weight : 88.12 g/mole

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} \textbf{Molecular formula} & : & $C_4H_8O_2$ \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

Boiling/condensation point : 77.23°C (171°F)

Melting/freezing point : -84°C (-119.2°F)

Critical temperature : 249.9°C (481.8°F)

Specific gravity : 0.902 (Water = 1)

Vapor pressure : 9.7 kPa (73 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapor density : 3 (Air = 1) Odor threshold : 6.4 ppm

Evaporation rate: 4.94 compared with Butyl acetate.

LogK_{ow}: The product is more soluble in water; log(octanol/water) <1

Dispersibility properties: See solubility in water.

Solubility: Partially soluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity: The product is stable.

Incompatibility with various: Reactive with oxidizing materials, acids, alkalis and moisture.

substances

United States

Section 11. Toxicological information

loxicity	data
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Ingredient name	<u>Test</u>	Result	<u>Route</u>	Species
Ethyl acetate	LD50	5620 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
•	LD50	4935 mg/kg	Oral	Rabbit
	LD50	4100 mg/kg	Oral	Mouse
	LD50	>18000 mg/kg	Dermal	Rabbit
	LC50	19600 ppm (4 hour/hours)	Inhalation	Rat
	LC50	10600 ppm (4 hour/hours)	Inhalation	Mouse

IDLH : 2000 ppm

Acute Effects

: Irritating to eyes. Eyes

Skin : Practically non-toxic in contact with skin. May cause skin irritation upon contact.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

Ingestion : Practically non-toxic if swallowed.

Potential chronic health

effects

: Carcinogenic effects: A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH.

Mutagenic effects: Not available. Teratogenic effects: Not available.

: Causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, **Target organs**

lens or cornea.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity data

Ingredient name	<u>Species</u>	<u>Period</u>	Result
Ethyl acetate	Pimephales promelas (EC50)	48 hour/hours	260 mg/l
•	Scenedesmus subspicatus (EC50)	48 hour/hours	3300 mg/l
	Scenedesmus subspicatus (EC50)	48 hour/hours	5600 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	230 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour/hours	425.3 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour/hours	484 mg/l

Products of degradation : These products are carbon oxides and water.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Consult your local or regional authorities.

Section 14. Transport information

Classification

NAERG

DOT/ IMDG/ IATA: UN number Proper shipping name Class **Packing** group

> ETHYL ACETATE UN1173

Label

: 129

UN/Other regulations

DOT





Additional information

DOT **IATA**

Reportable quantity **Quantity limitation -**5000 lbs. (2268 kg) Passenger aircraft -Limited quantity

Limited quantity Yes.

Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L

Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 60

Special provisions IB2, T4, TP1

1 L

Ш

3

Quantity limitation -Passenger aircraft 5 L

Quantity limitation -Cargo aircraft 60 L

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Flammable liquid

Irritating material Target organ effects

: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Ethyl acetate U.S. Federal regulations

> TSCA 8(b) inventory: All components listed. TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Ethyl acetate

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Ethyl acetate

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Ethyl acetate: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found. Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found. Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

State regulations : Pennsylvania RTK: Ethyl acetate: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard)

Massachusetts RTK: Ethyl acetate

New Jersey: Ethyl acetate

California prop. 65: No products were found.

International regulations

International lists : All components listed are listed on major international inventories or exempted from

being listed in Australia (AICS), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS), Korea (TCCL), Japan

(METI/MOL), Philippines (RA6969).

Section 16. Other information

Label requirements: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.

VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION.

CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: KIDNEYS, LIVER,

RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA.

MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health

Fire hazard

Personal protection

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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health Flammability
Instability
Special

References : ANSI Z400.1, MSDS Standard, 2004. - Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet. -

29CFR Part1910.1200 OSHA MSDS Requirements. - 49CFR Table List of Hazardous

Materials, UN#, Proper Shipping Names, PG.

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Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.